

# Development of Rapid Update Cycle and Rapid Refresh at NOAA

Stan Benjamin

+

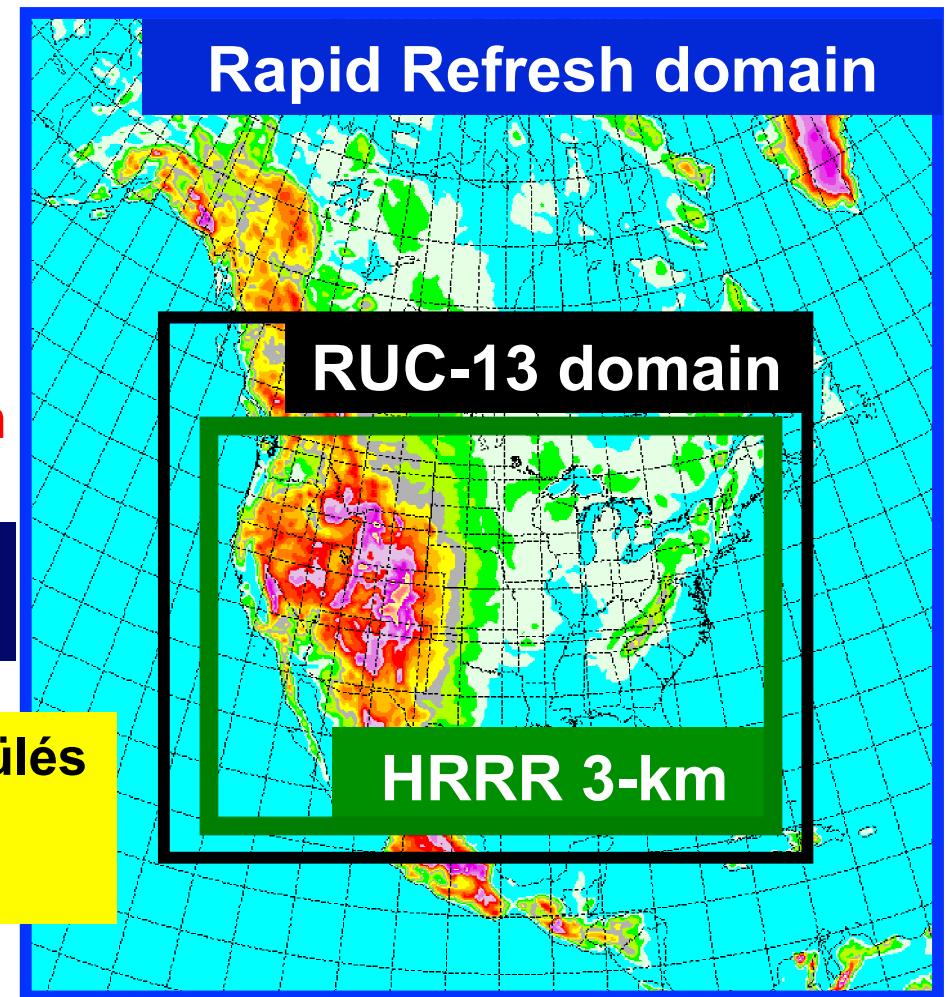
Steve Weygandt, Ming Hu  
Curtis Alexander, John Brown  
Tanya Smirnova, Bill Moninger  
Georg Grell, Steven Peckham,  
Dezső Dévényi (in memoriam)

Assimilation and Modeling Branch  
Global Systems Division



Earth System Research Laboratory  
*SCIENCE, SERVICE & STEWARDSHIP*

Dévényi Dezső tudományos emlékülés  
Budapest  
21 June 2010



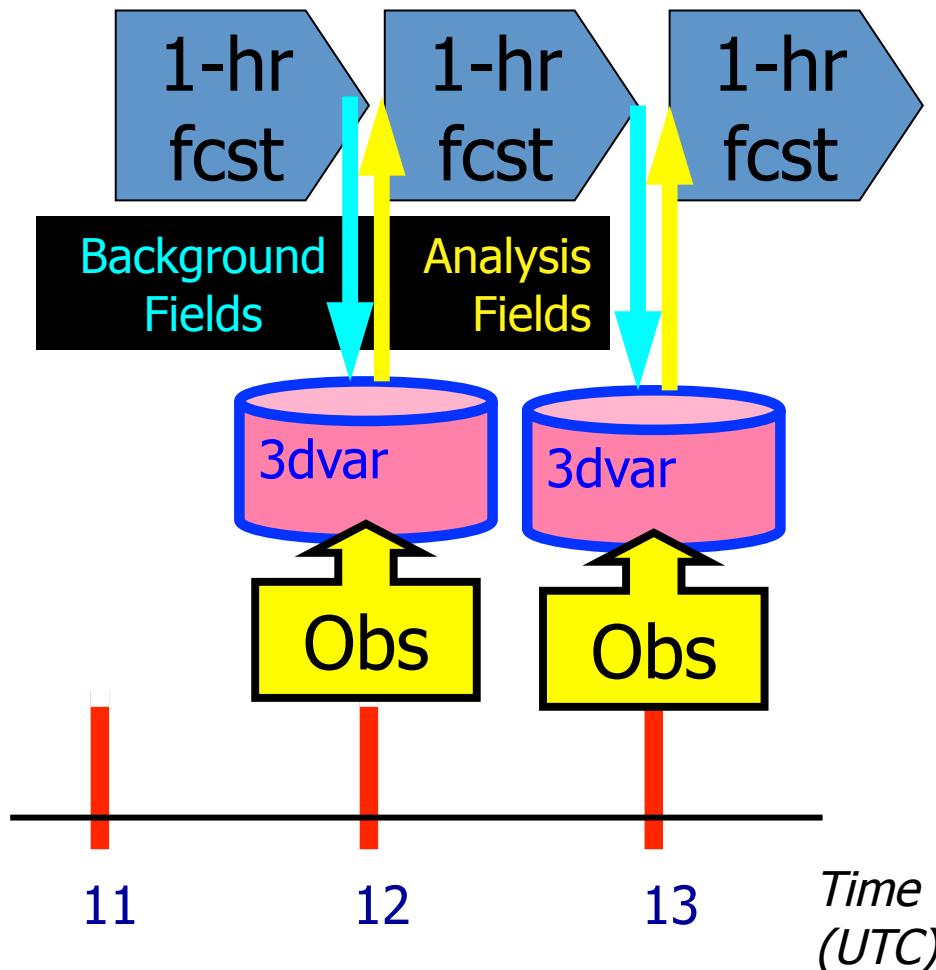
# Dezső Dévényi, 1948-2009

- Best assimilation scientist in RUC / Rapid Refresh group
- Ph.D. from Eötvös Loránd University in Budapest
- Formerly with Hungarian Met Service (even Vice President (Deputy Director))
- Taught NWP in Hungary, called the “father of NWP in Hungary” by former students
- Spent a year with Lev Gandin in 1975
- Developed the RUC 3dVAR
- Co-led development of Rapid Refresh version of GSI with Ming Hu and others



# RUC/Rapid Refresh Hourly Assimilation Cycle

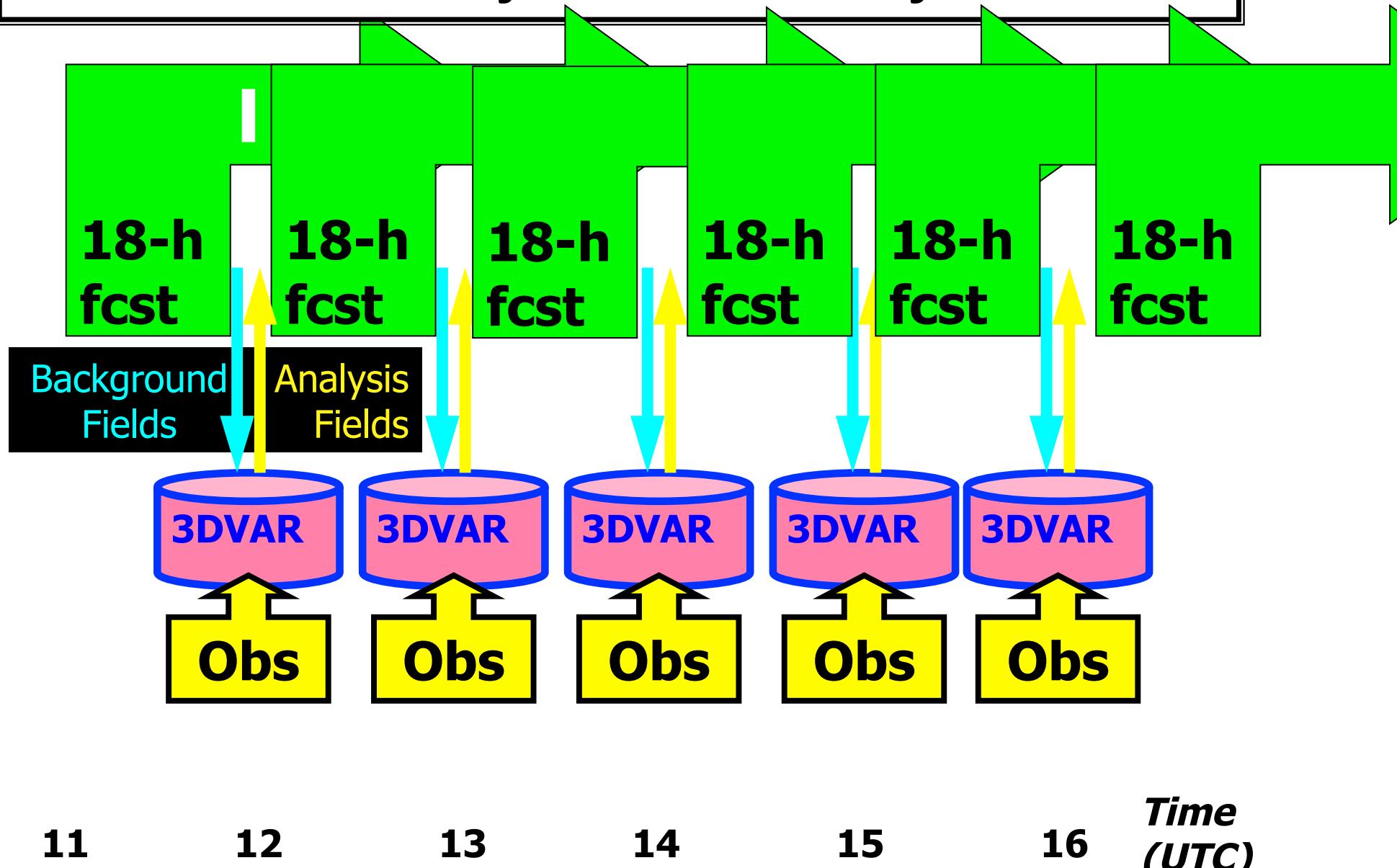
Cycle hydrometeor, soil temp/moisture/snow plus atmosphere state variables



## Hourly obs

<u>Data Type</u>	<u>~Number</u>
Rawinsonde (12h)	150
NOAA profilers	35
VAD winds	120-140
PBL – prof/RASS	~25
Aircraft (V,temp)	3500-10000
TAMDAR (V,T,RH)	200-3000
Surface/METAR	2000-2500
Buoy/ship	200-400
GOES cloud winds	4000-8000
GOES cloud-top pres	10 km res
GPS precip water	~300
Mesonet (temp, dpt)	~8000
Mesonet (wind)	~4000
METAR-cloud-vis-wx	~1800
AMSU-A/B/GOES radiances	–
<i>RR only</i>	
Radar reflectivity/ lightning	
1km	

# RUC Hourly Assimilation Cycle



NCEP Extension to 18h at every hour – planned 2 Mar 2010

# Hourly Updated NOAA NWP Models

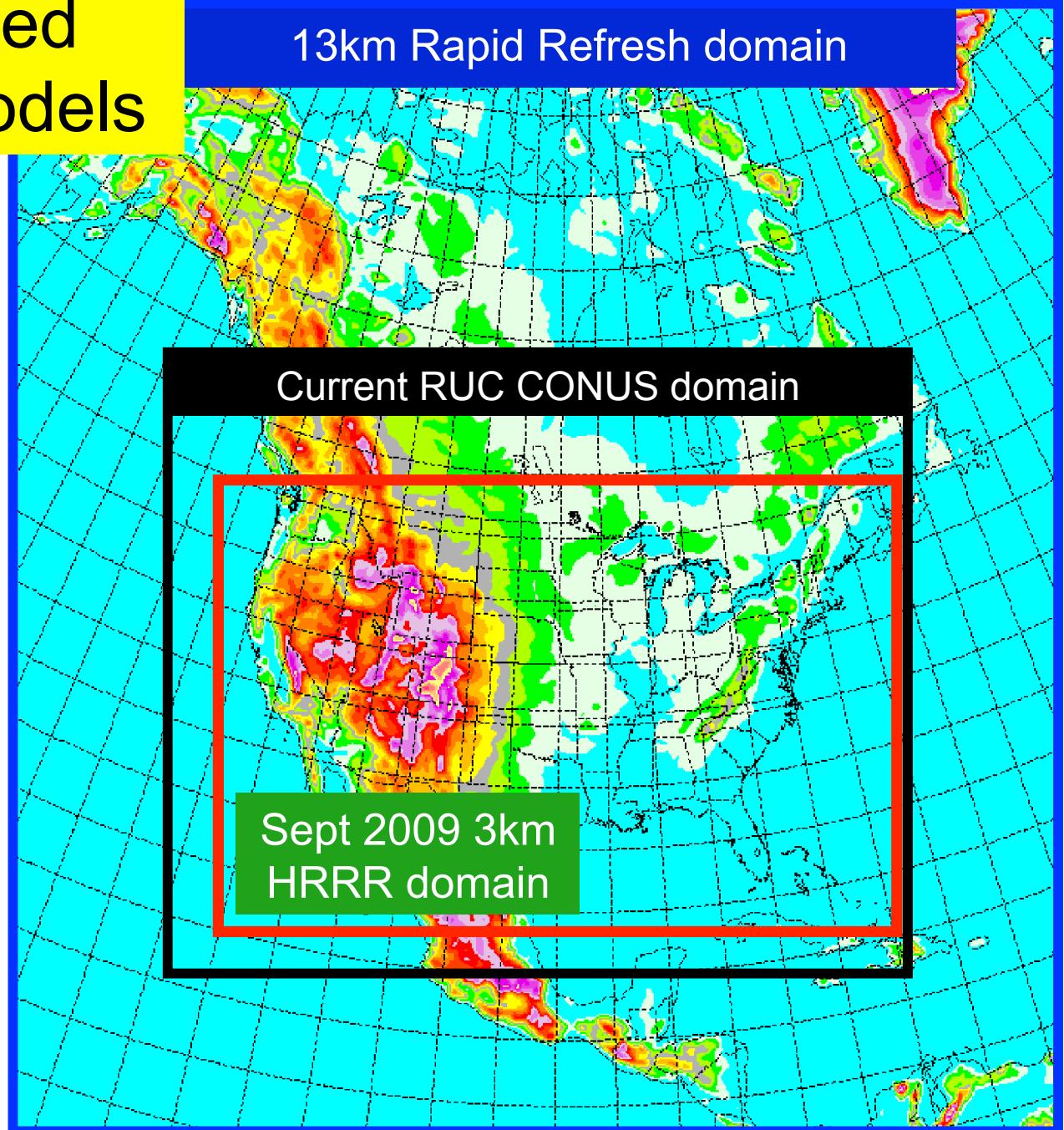
RUC – current oper  
model - 13km  
- 18h fcst updated every  
hour

Rapid Refresh  
(RR) – replace RUC at  
NCEP in 2010 - WRF,  
GSI w/ RUC-based  
enhancements

HRRR - Hi-Res  
Rapid Refresh  
-Experimental 3km  
-Nest inside RUC or RR

15-h fcst updated every  
hour

13km Rapid Refresh domain



# Why have a Rapid UC or Rapid Refresh?

- Provide high-frequency (hourly) mesoscale analyses, short-range model forecasts
- Assimilate (“merge”) all available observations into single, physically consistent 3-d grid such that forecasts are improved
- Initial focus on aviation enroute & surface weather:
  - Thunderstorms, severe weather, winter storms
  - Icing, ceiling and visibility, turbulence
  - Detailed surface temperature, dewpoint, winds
  - Upper-level winds
- Users:
  - aviation/transportation
  - severe weather forecasting
  - hydrology, energy (load, renewable)

*“Situational Awareness Model”*

## RUC History – NCEP (NMC) Implementations

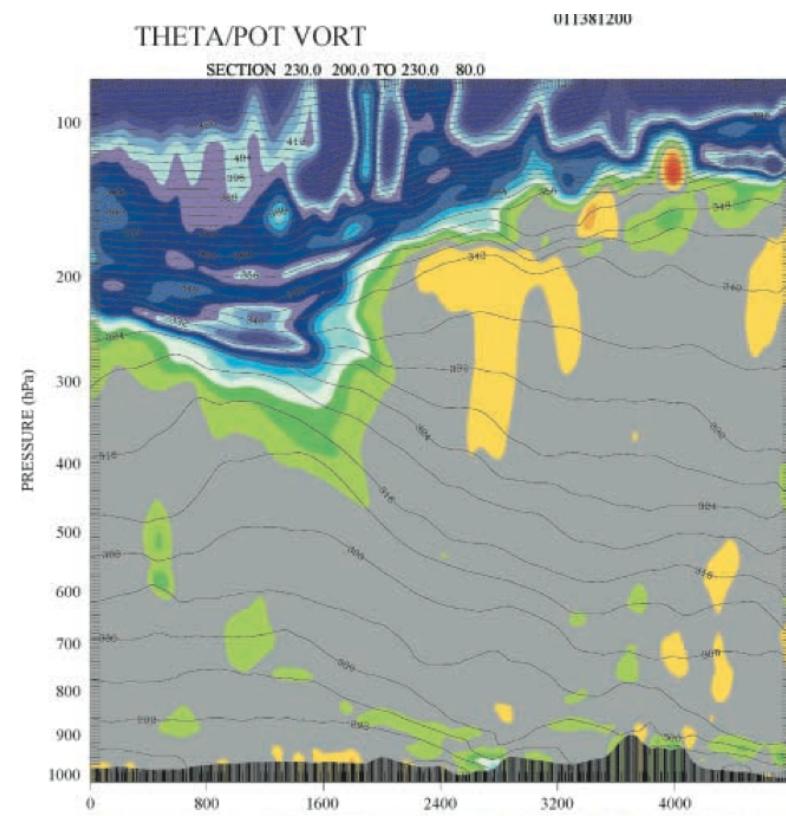
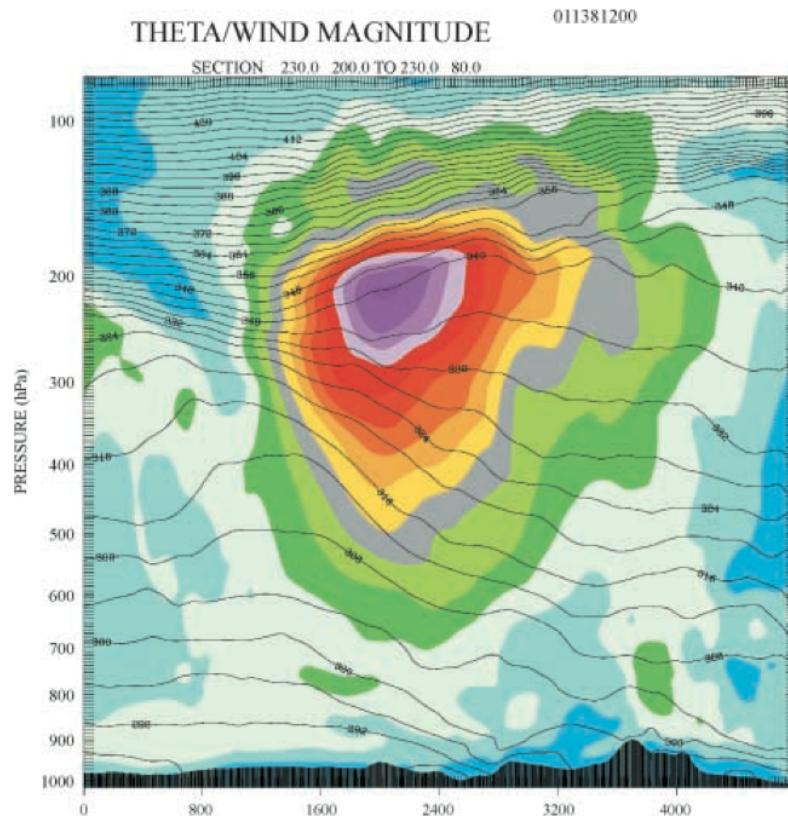
- 1994 First operational implementation of RUC  
60km resolution, 3-h cycle
- 1998 40km resolution, 1-h cycle,  
Cloud physics, land-surface model
- 2002 20km resolution  
GOES cloud data assimilation, 3-d hydrometeor fields modified
- 2003 Change to 3dVAR analysis from previous “optimal Interpolation”
- 2005 13km resolution  
New observation types (METAR cloud, GPS-PW, new cloud physics)
- 2008 Assim of radar reflectivity, mesonet winds,  
modified Grell/Devenyi, other physics
- 2010 WRF/GSI-based Rapid Refresh to replace RUC

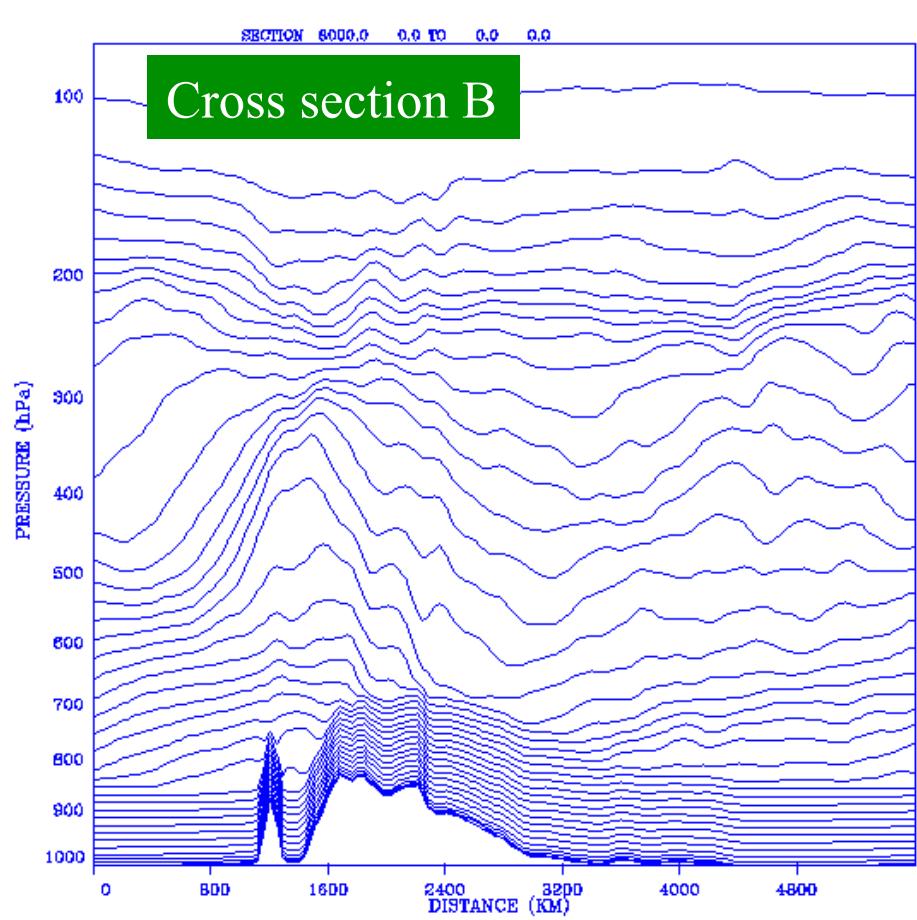
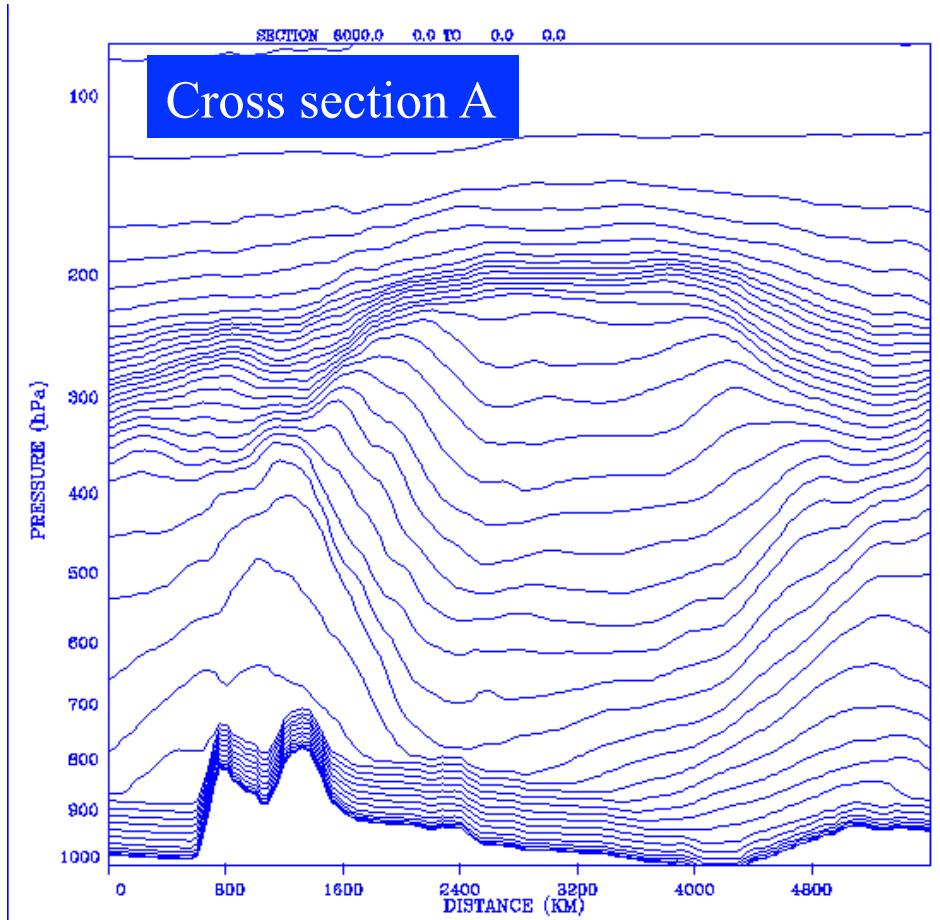
# The RUC history and Dezső

- Isentropic analysis
  - Reading, UK IUGG - 1989
- First RUC Optimal Interpolation analysis in isentropic coordinates
  - Dezső's first visit to Colorado - 1991
- RUC 3dvar – development – 2000-2003
  - Dezső returns to Boulder – 2000
- GSI adaptation for hourly Rapid Refresh – 2006-current
  - Dezső wrestled first with it

# The RUC 3dVAR

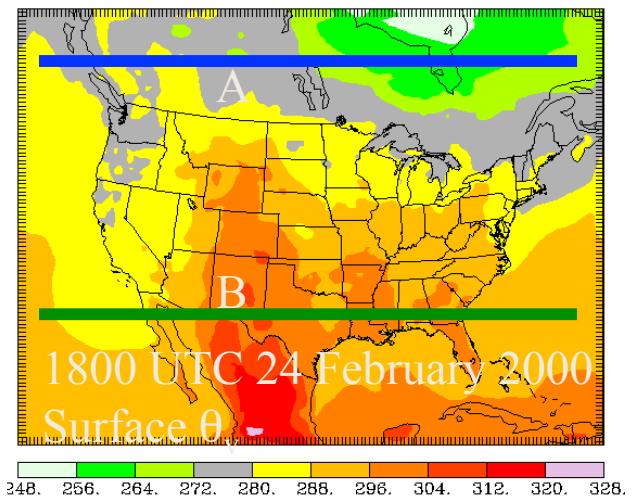
- **3d variational analysis in isentropic-sigma hybrid vertical coordinate**
- **Described by Devenyi and Benjamin – 2003 – MAP**
  - Help from Steve Weygandt – NOAA- Boulder
  - Dave Parrish, Wan-Shu Wu, Jim Purser – NOAA-NCEP





RUC generalized vertical coordinate  
set as  $\theta$ - $\sigma$  hybrid coordinate

Reference  $\theta_v$  values (224-500K) pre-assigned to each of the 50 RUC levels.  
More levels become terrain-following levels in warmer parts of domain/times of year.



## **More of Dezso's key scientific contributions/papers to NOAA Research (FSL, GSD)**

- Benjamin, .... Schlatter, Devenyi, - Idojaras, 1993

**Recent developments in the MAPS/RUC isentropic-sigma data assimilation system**

- Devenyi and Schlatter, *Monthly Weather Review*, 1994

**Statistical properties of 3h prediction errors from MAPS/RUC**

- Grell and Devenyi – *Geophys. Res. Letters*, 2002

**Generalized approach to parameterizing convection combining ensemble and data assimilation techniques**

- Benjamin, Devenyi, .... *Mon. Wea. Rev.*, 2004

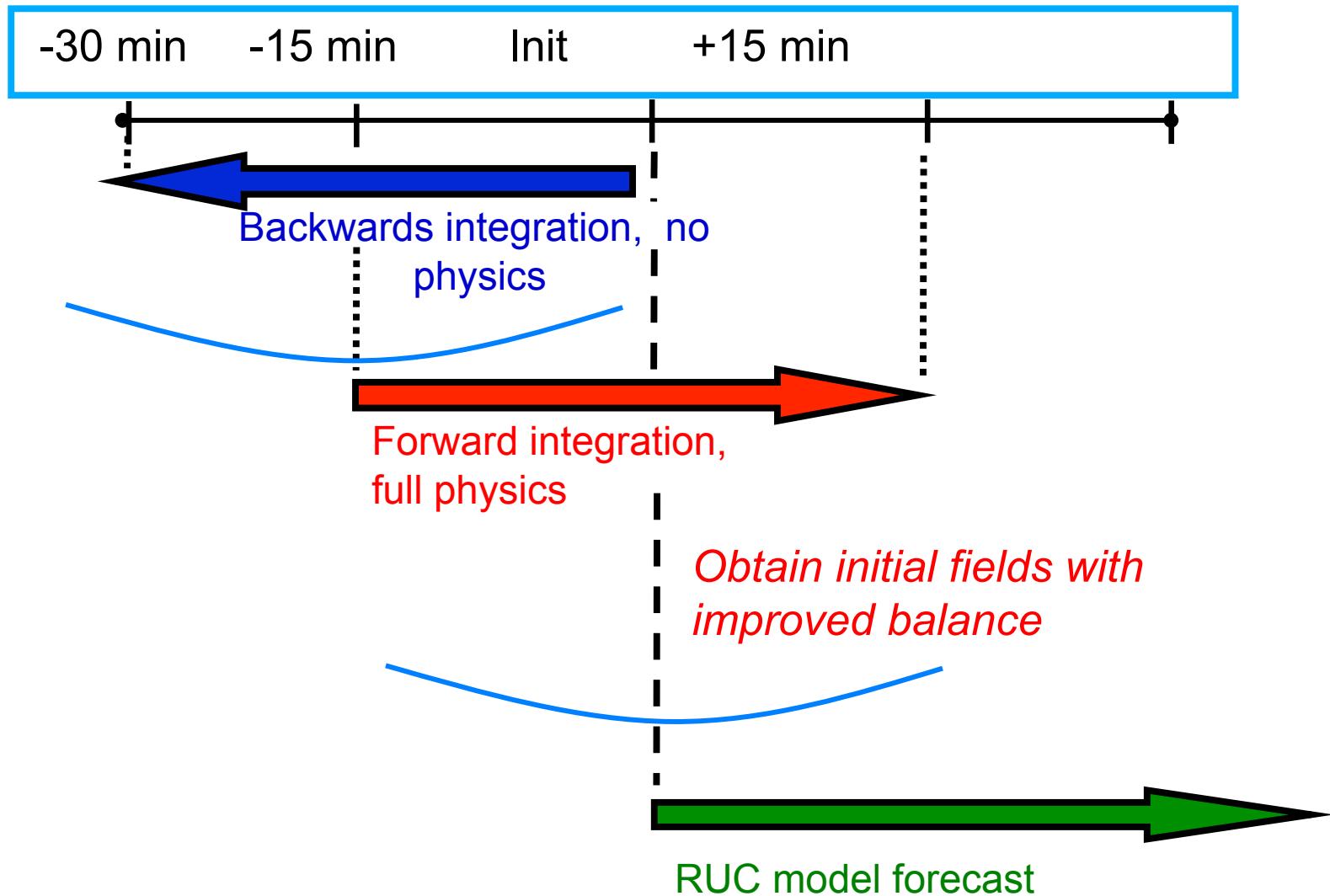
**An hourly assimilation cycle – the RUC – NOAA Research Paper of the Year award - 2004**



# RUC Diabatic Digital Filter Initialization (DDFI)

Initial DFI in RUC model at NCEP - 1998 - adiabatic DFI

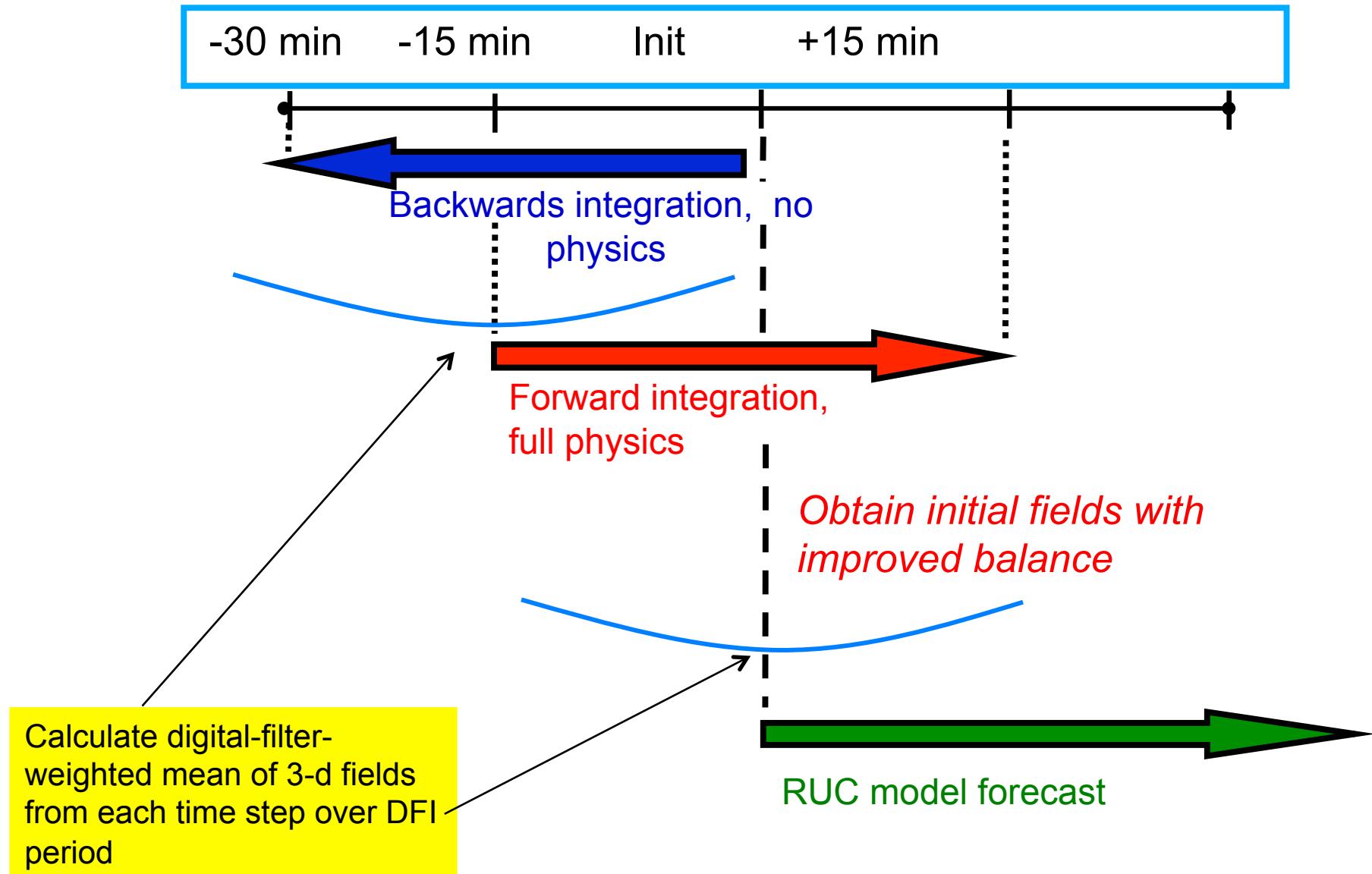
Diabatic DFI introduced at NCEP - 2006



# RUC Diabatic Digital Filter Initialization (DDFI)

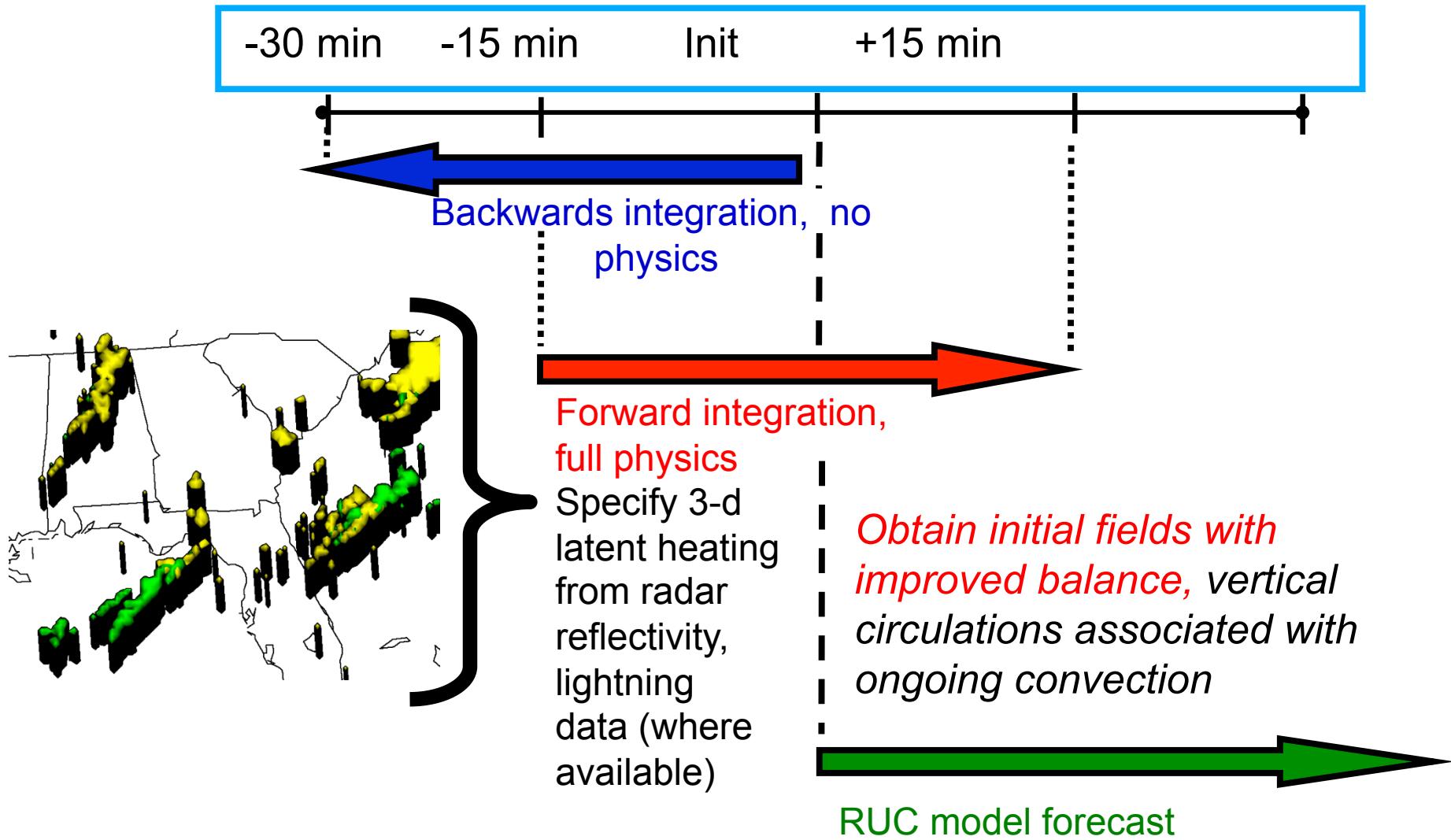
Initial DFI in RUC model at NCEP - 1998 - adiabatic DFI

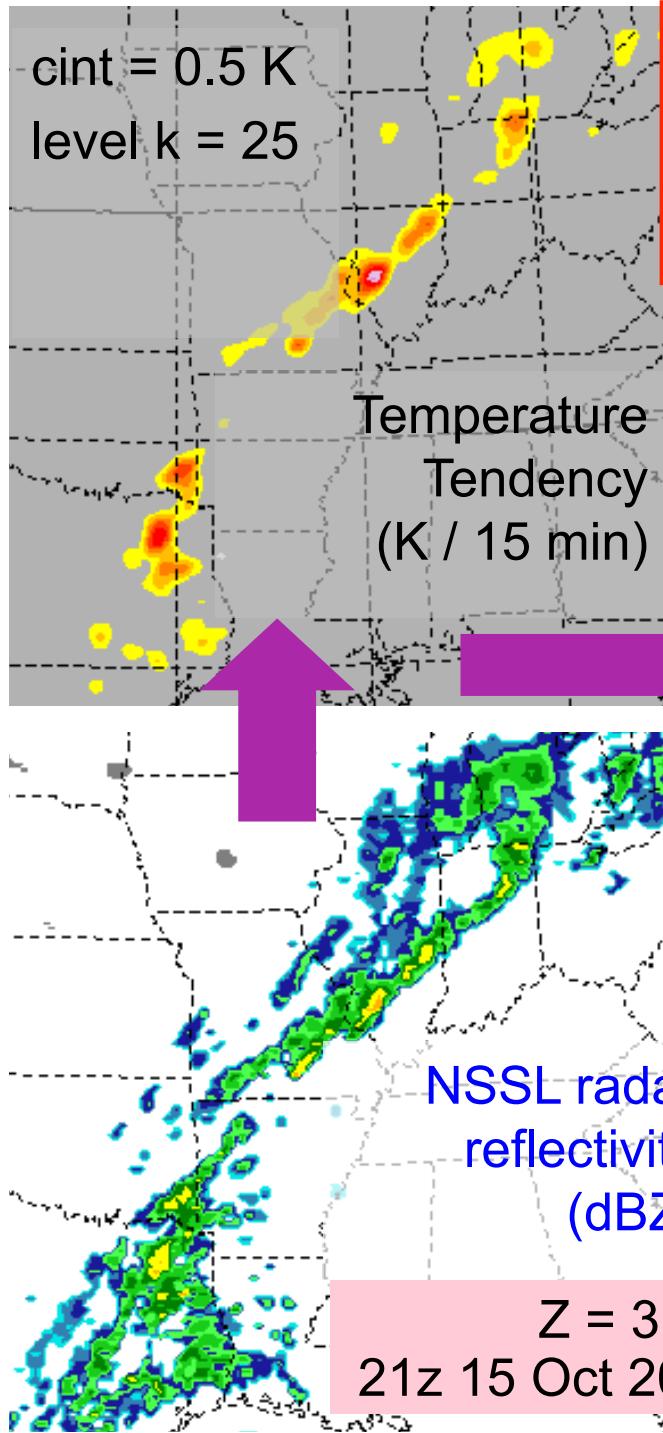
Diabatic DFI introduced at NCEP - 2006



# Diabatic Digital Filter Initialization (DDFI)

New - add assimilation of radar data





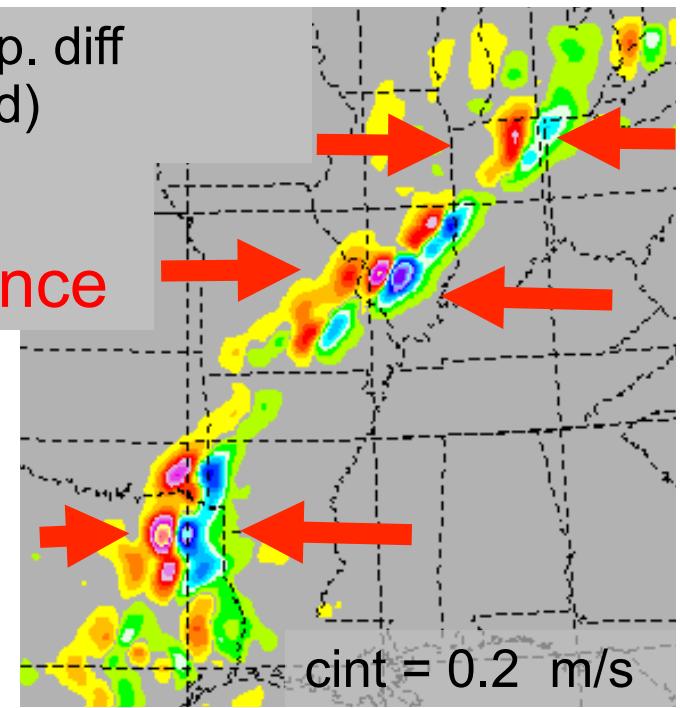
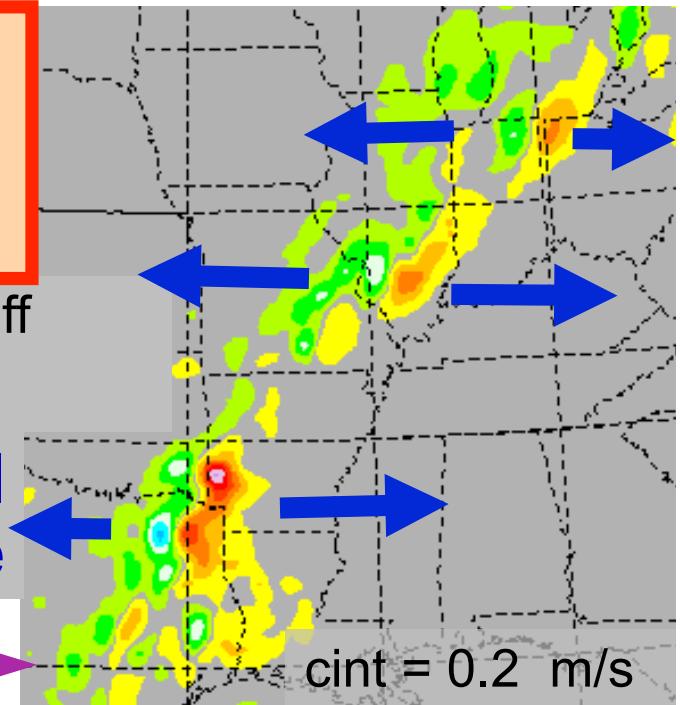
Sample radar assimilation (one cycle)

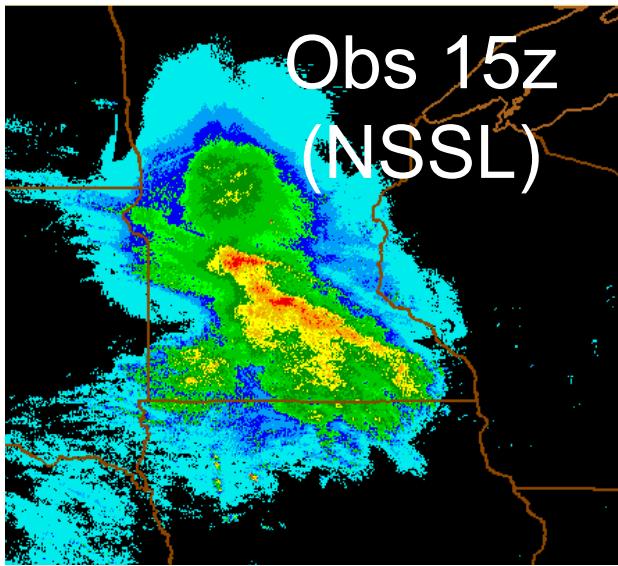
K=35 U-comp. diff (radar - norad)

Upper-level Divergence

K=15 U-comp. diff (radar - norad)

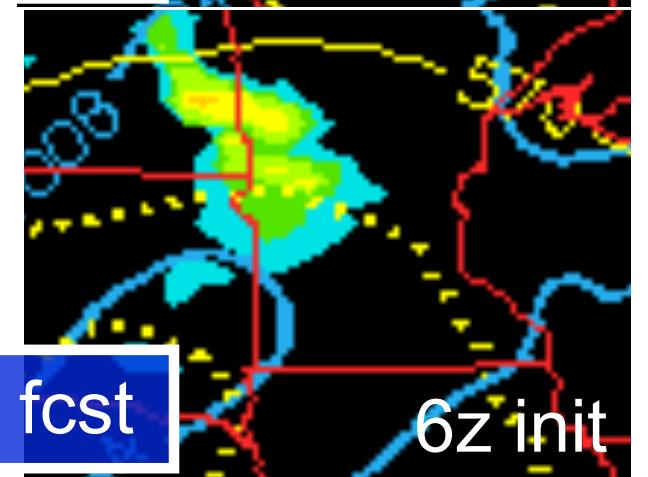
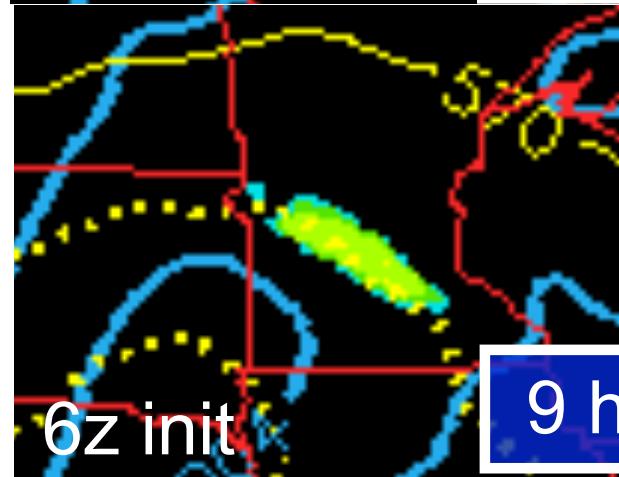
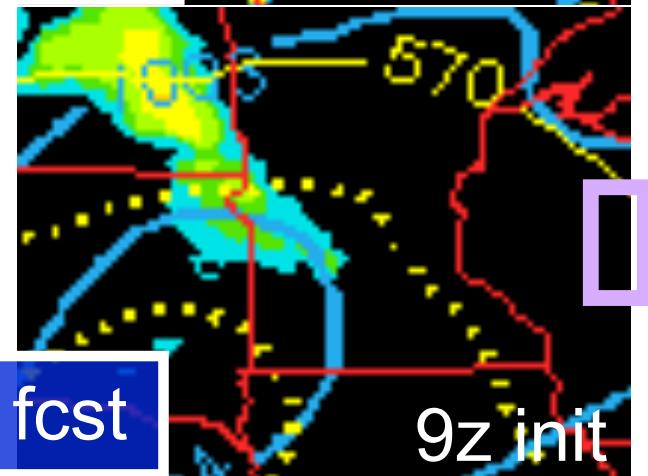
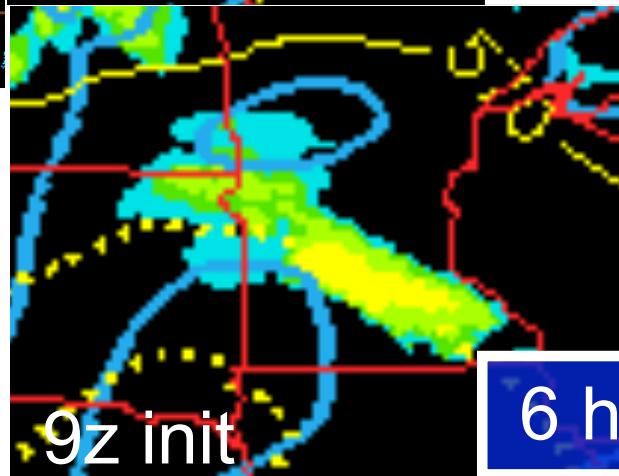
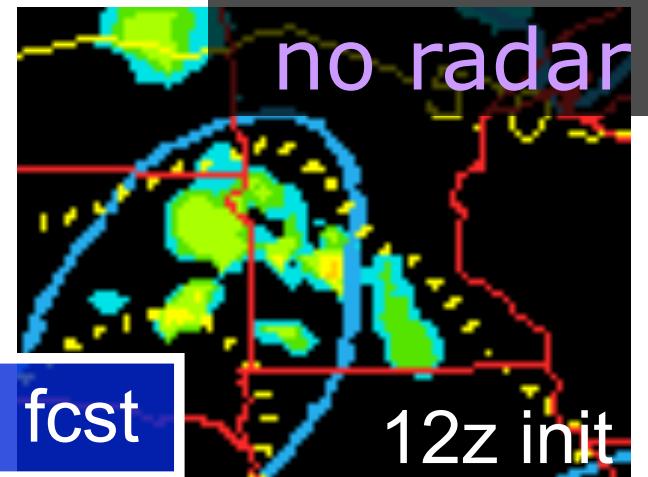
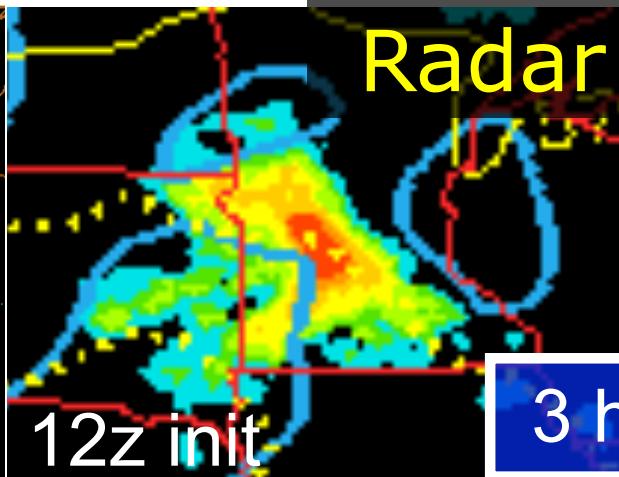
Low-level Convergence





3-h acc.  
precip.

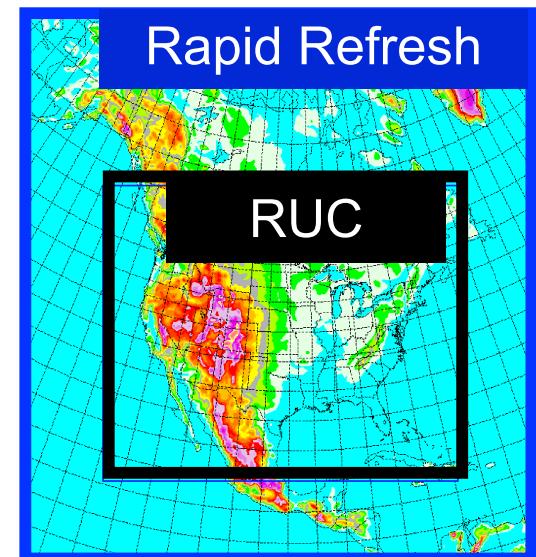
Valid 15z  
31 July 2008



RUC radar  
Assimilation  
→Better RUC  
forecasts

## RUC to Rapid Refresh (est. Jan 2011@NCEP)

- CONUS domain (13km) → • North American domain (13km)
- RUC 3DVAR → • GSI (Gridpoint Statistical Interpolation)  
(incl. RR enhancements)
- RUC model → • WRF-ARW Model  
(RR version)



# **Background on GSI, why use it for Rapid Refresh?**

- NCEP, NASA GMAO supported “full” system
  - Developed from global Spectral Statistical Interpolation
  - Advanced satellite radiance assimilation with JCSDA
  - NASA GMAO work to create GSI-based 4DVAR
- Evolution toward community analysis system
  - GSI used by NCEP for GFS and NAM
  - Selection of GSI as analysis for RR (2005)
  - Use of GSI obs processing for ESRL EnKF work
  - Transition to GSI by Air Force Weather Agency

# Introducing RR features into GSI

## Hourly update cycle

- switch to partial cycling
- Use of observations (NCEP prepBUFR + satellite data)
- Satellite bias corrections (from NCEP)

## Cloud analysis

- Uses METAR, satellite, radar data
- Updates cloud, hydrometeor, water vapor fields
- Diagnose latent heating (LH) from 3D radar reflectivity

## Radar reflectivity assimilation

- Apply LH in diabatic digital filter initialization

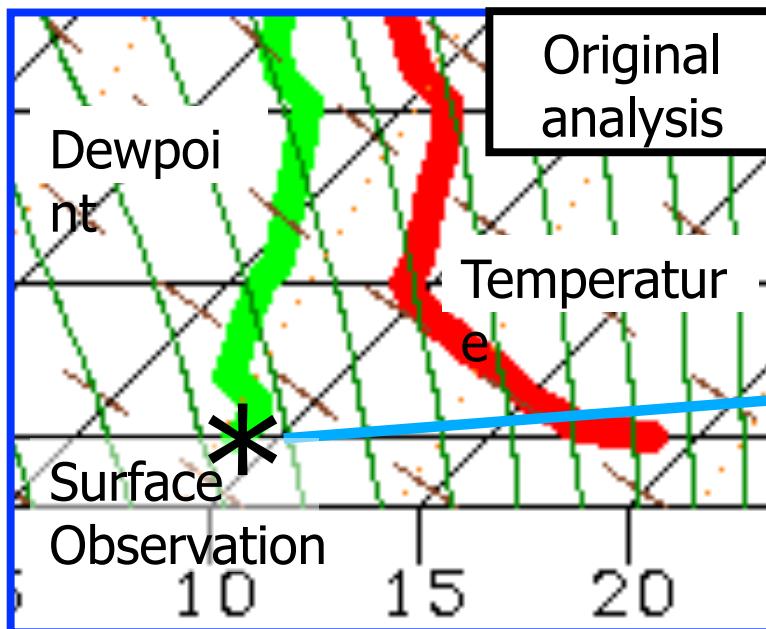
## Surface observation assimilation -- ongoing

- Account for model vs. terrain height difference
- Apply surface observation innovations through PBL
- Select best background for coastal observations

# Use of surface obs information throughout boundary layer

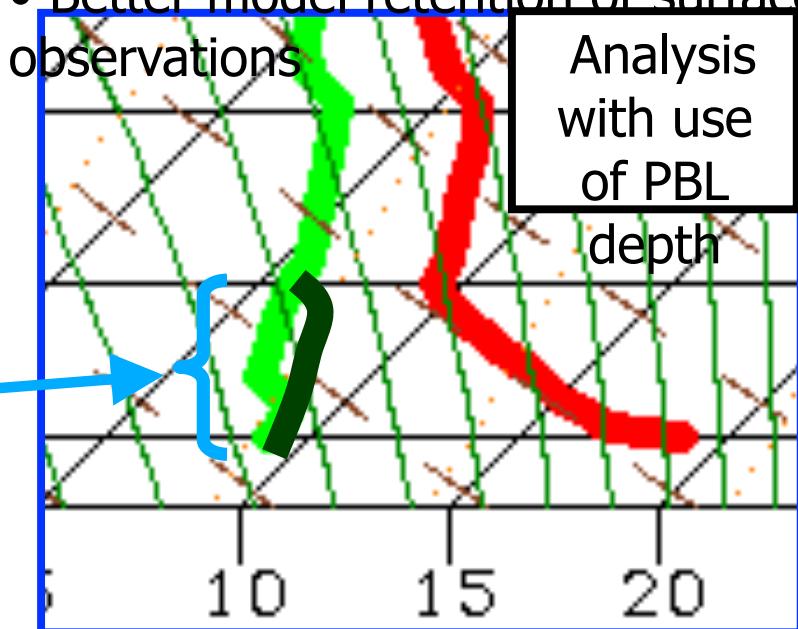
## Problem

- Information from surface observation not used through depth of PBL by RUC analysis
- Surface observation not retained in model forecast



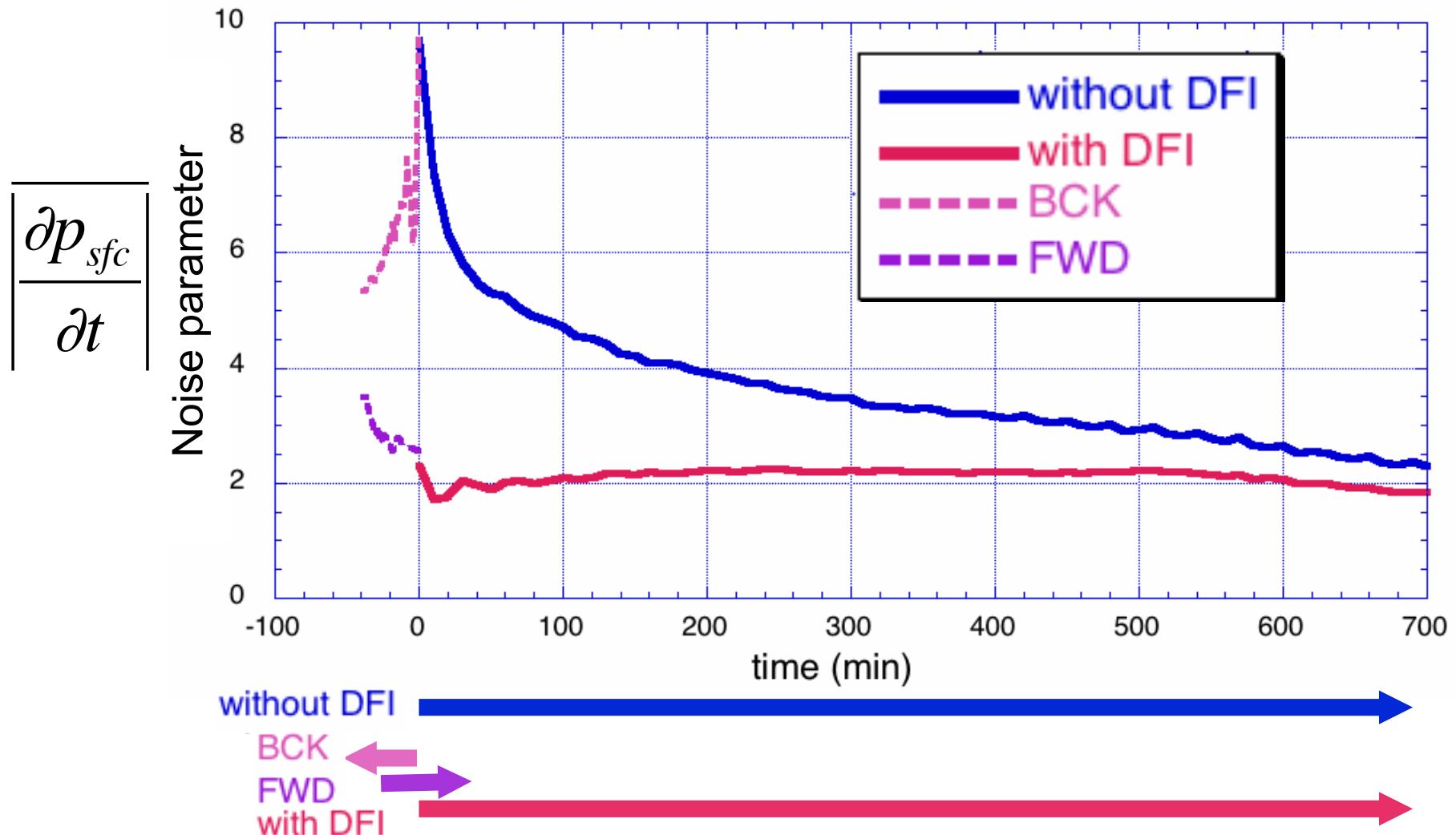
## Solution

- Use METAR observation throughout PBL depth (from background field) by creating pseudo-innovations in PBL
- Better model retention of surface observations



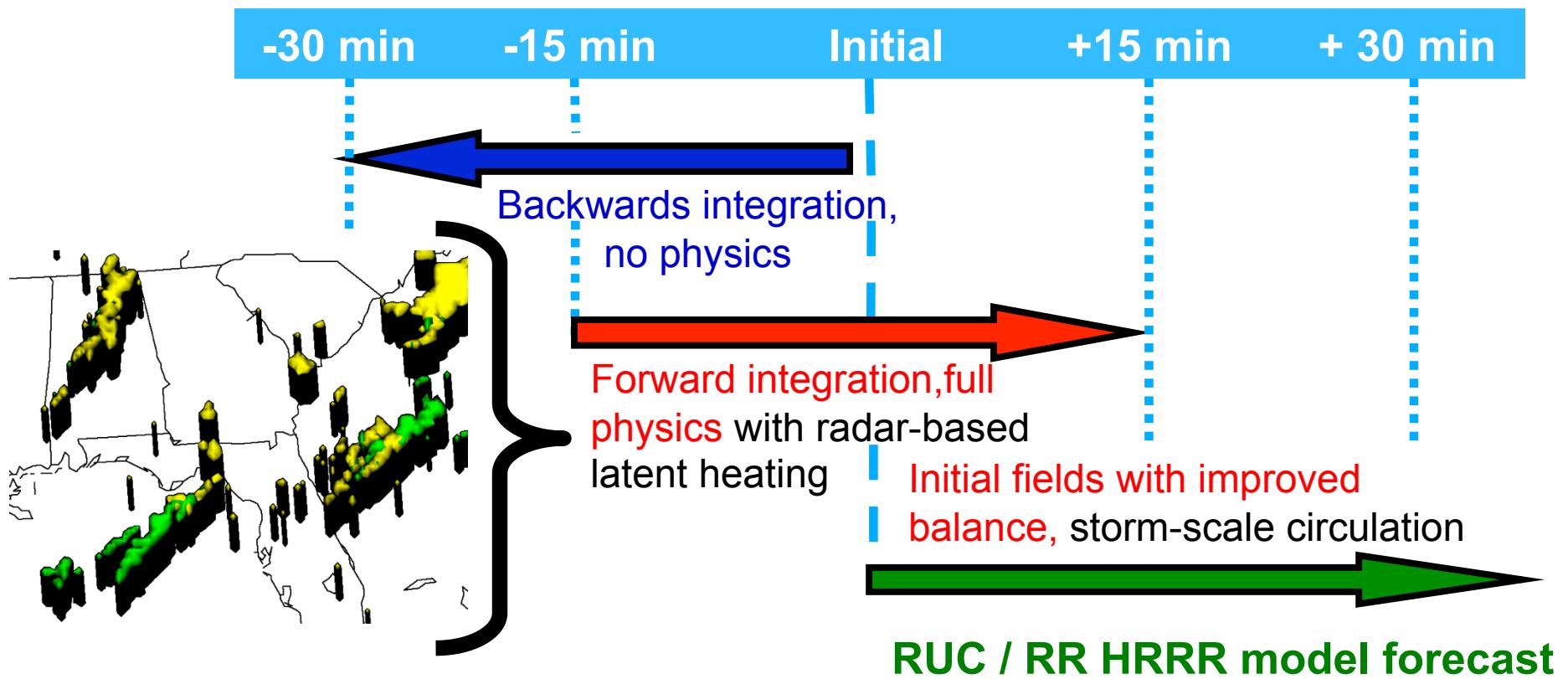
# Diabatic Digital Filter Initialization

Reduce noise in RUC and Rapid Refresh



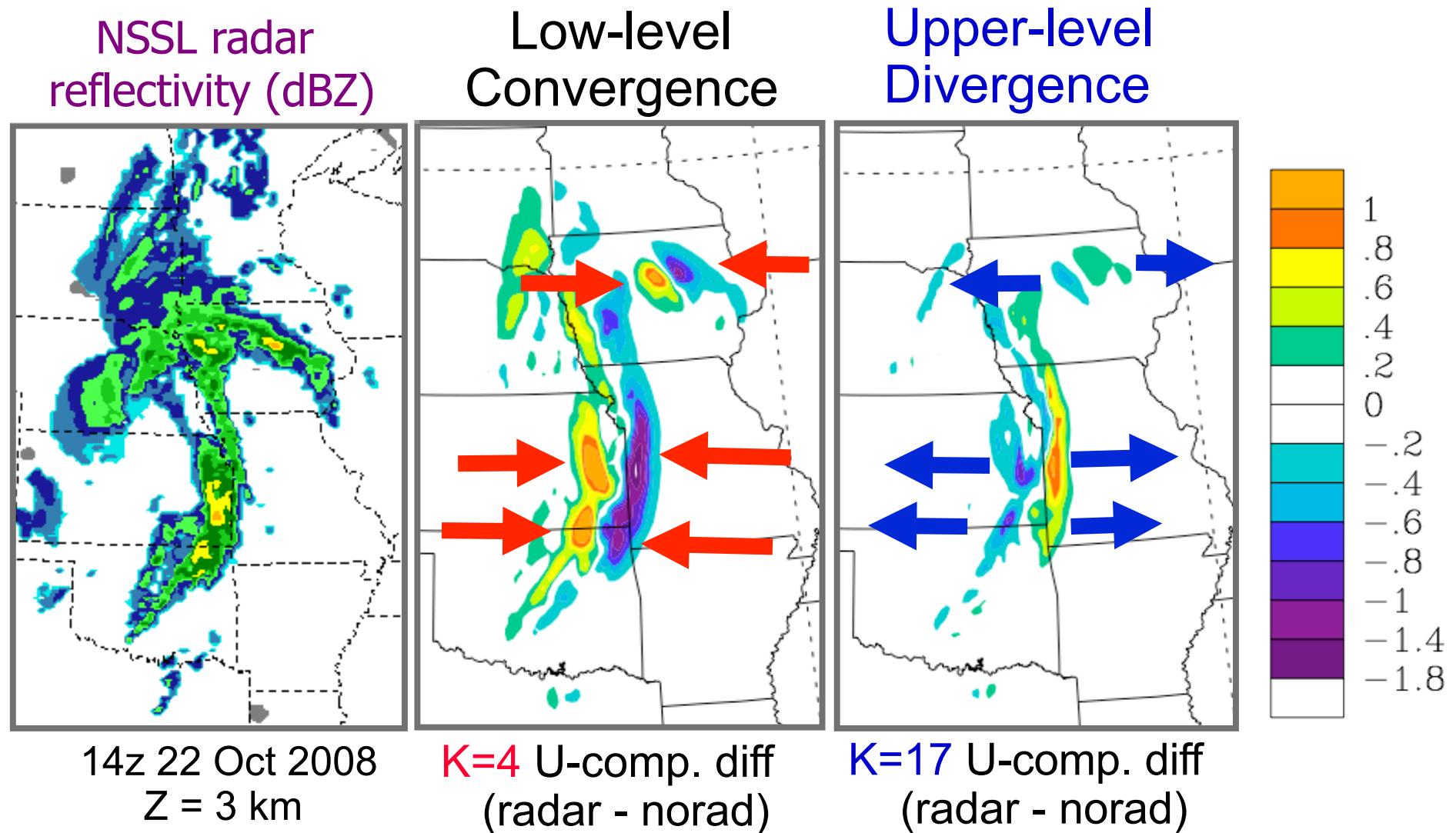
# Radar reflectivity assimilation

Digital Filter-based reflectivity assimilation  
initializes ongoing precipitation regions



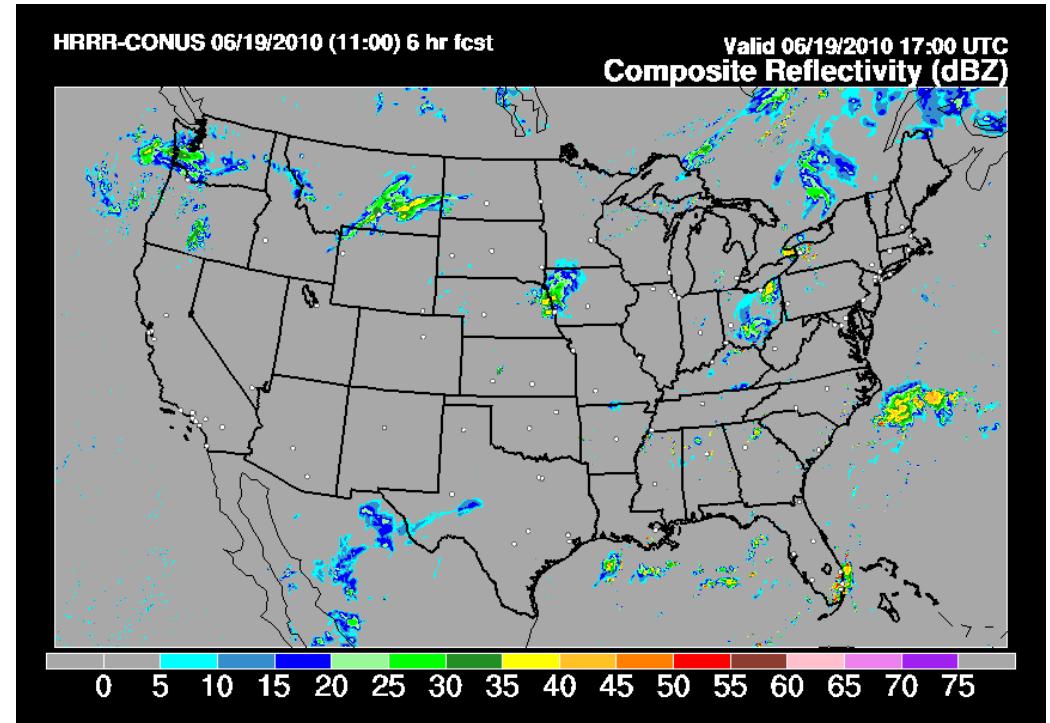
+ RUC/RR Convection suppression – ask us about it...

# Rapid Refresh (GSI + ARW) reflectivity assimilation example



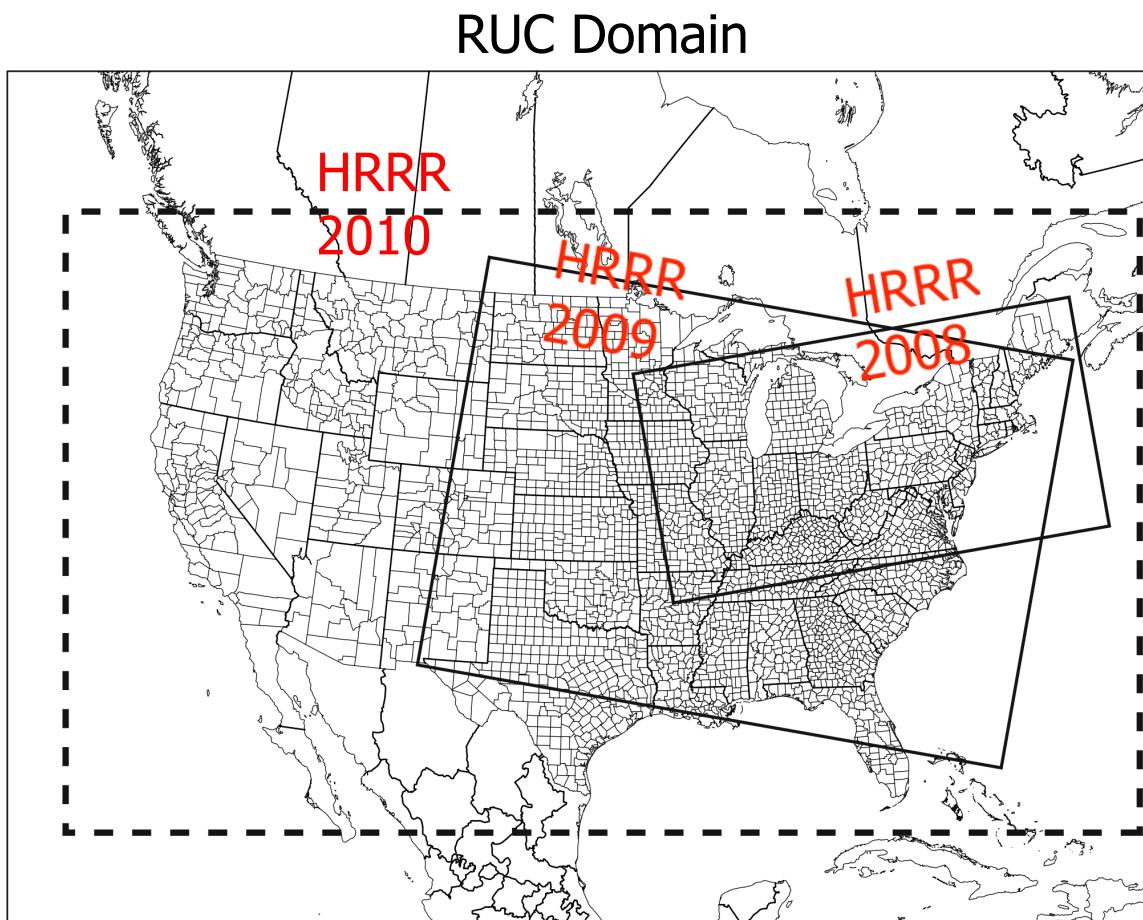
# The HRRR

High-Resolution  
Rapid Refresh (HRRR)



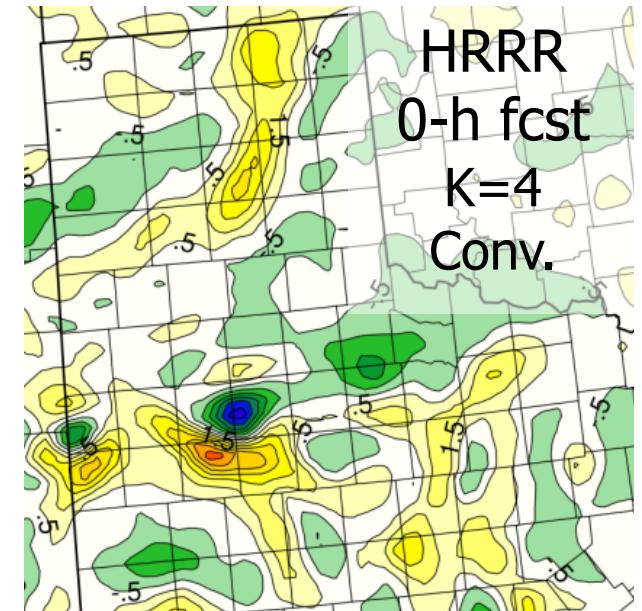
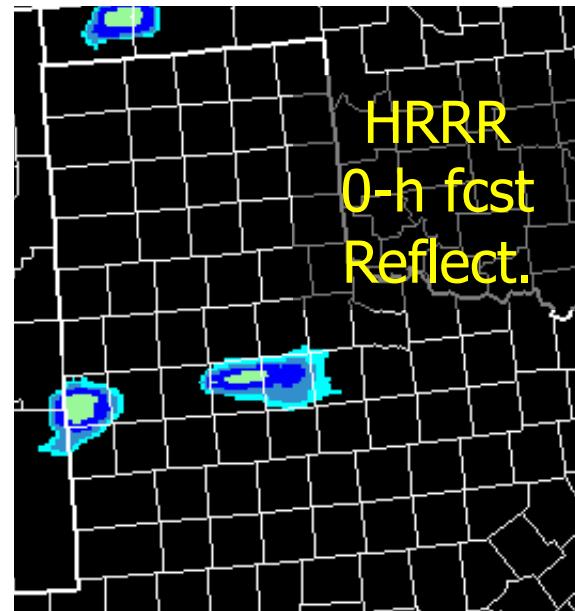
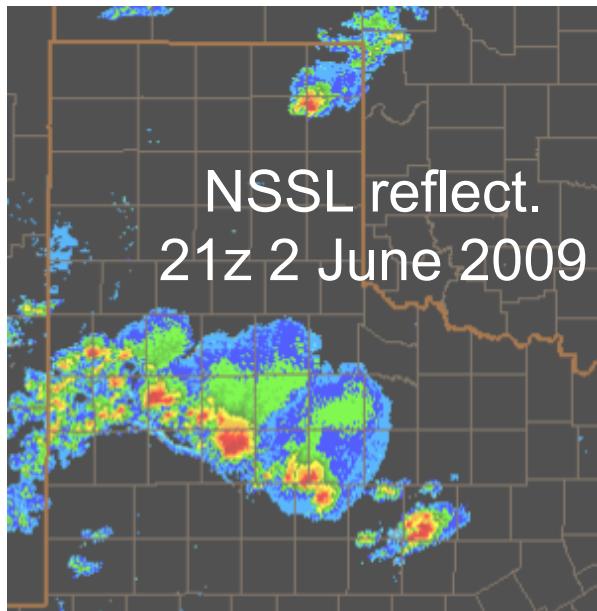
- WRF-ARW dynamic core (same configuration as RR but without convective parameterization)
- **Convection resolving** using 3.0 km horizontal grid spacing
- **Hourly initialization**, 0-15 hr forecasts produced (2 hr latency)
- RUC13 hourly assimilation cycle uses a diabatic digital filter initialization (DDFI) for **assimilation of observed radar reflectivity** to **adjust mass** (temperature tendency) and **associated momentum fields** (divergence) without adjusting <sup>24</sup> hydrometeor distribution

# HRRR Domain(s)

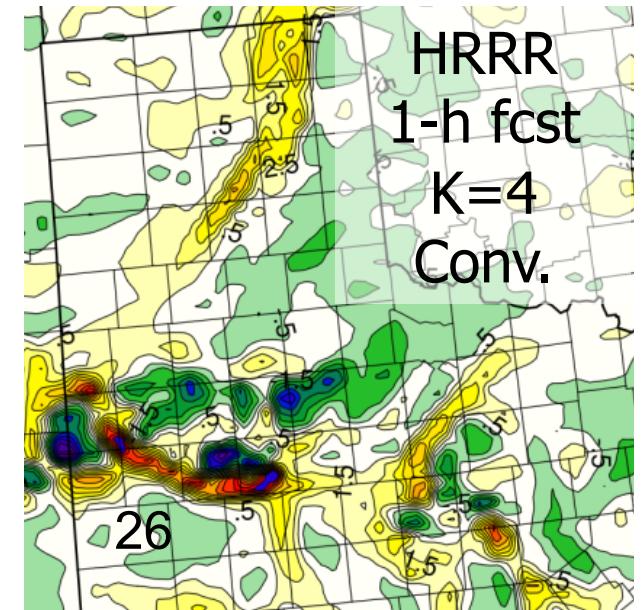
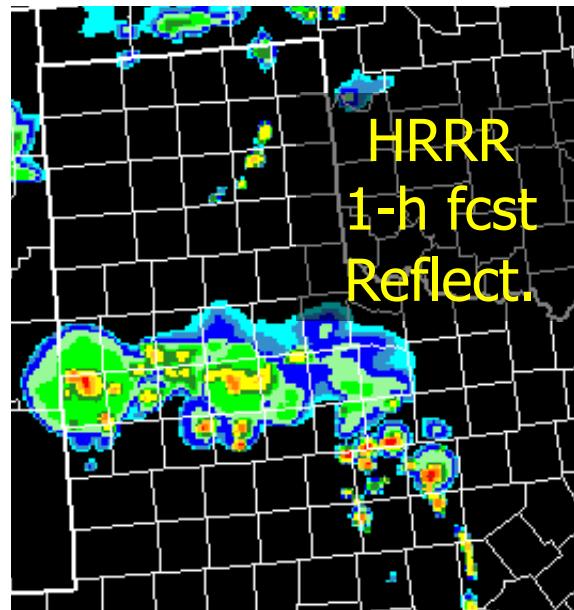
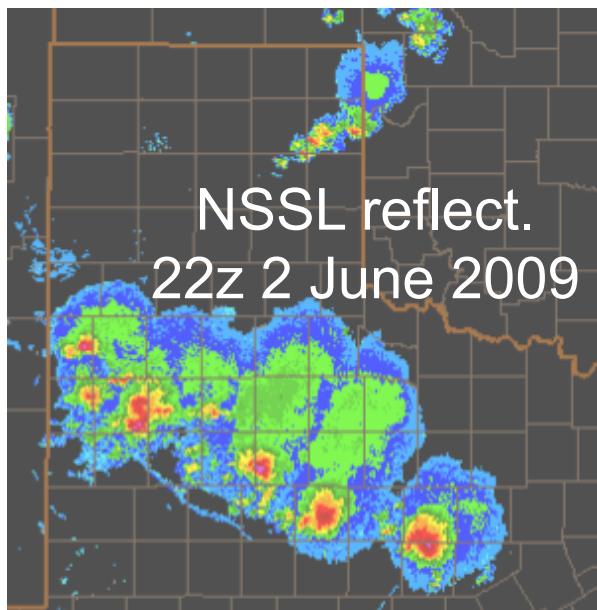


- September 2007  
Initial HRRR domain over the northeastern United States "aviation corridor"  
**745 x 383 grid points, 200 processors**
- March 2009  
Domain expanded to cover approximately eastern 2/3 of the US  
**1000 x 700 grid points, 568 processors**
- October 2009  
Domain expanded to cover CONUS  
**1800 x 1060 grid points, 840 processors**

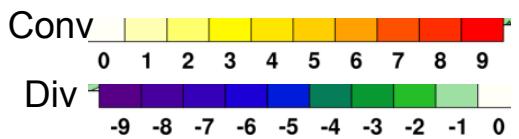
Hourly frequency maintained<sup>25</sup>

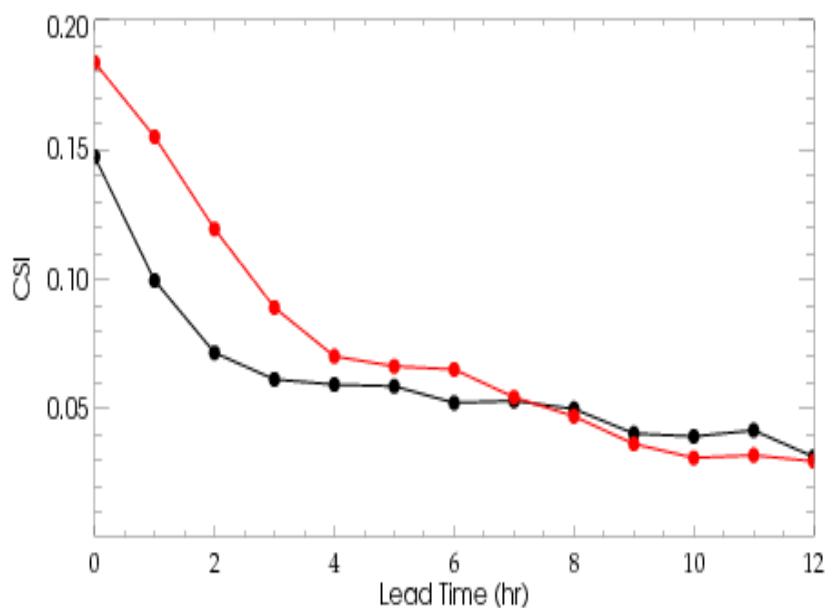
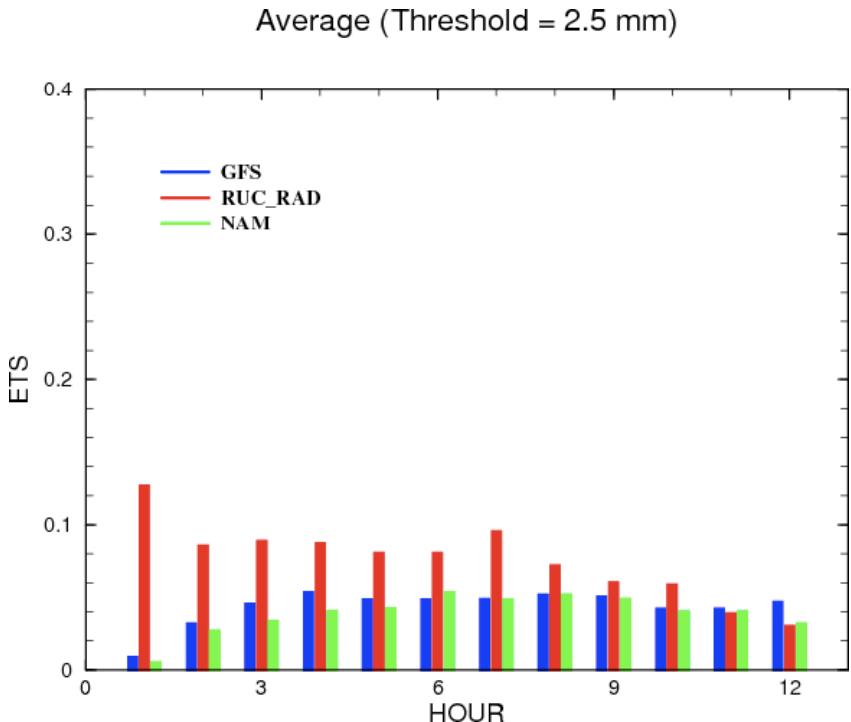


## DFI impact on HRRR fields



26





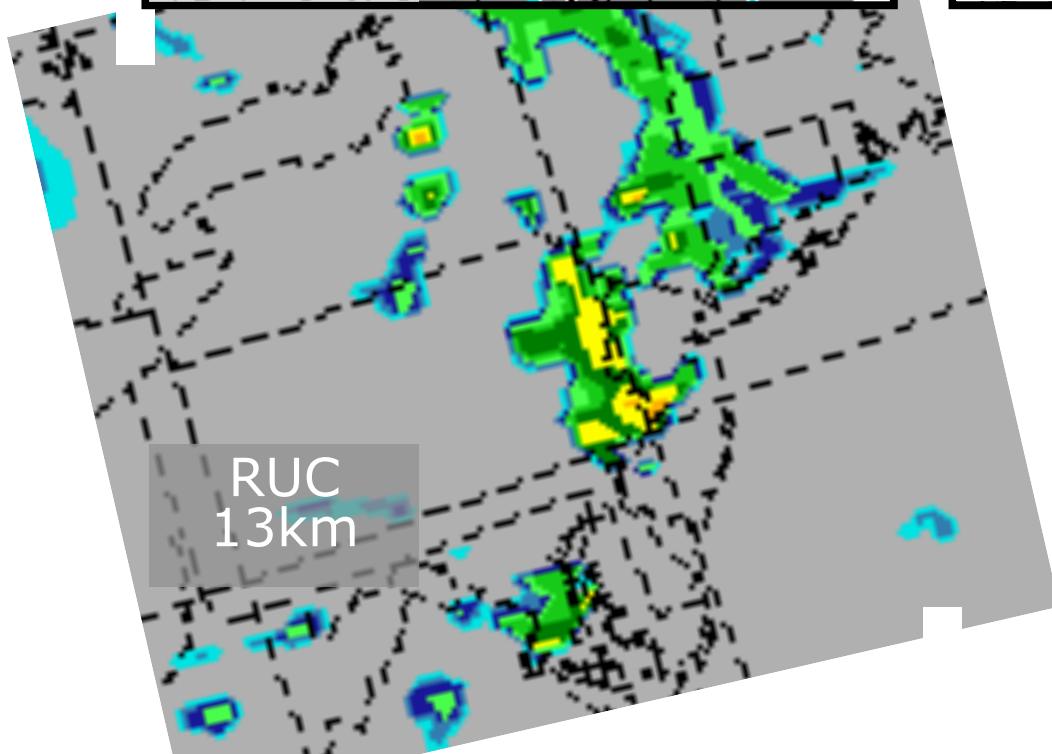
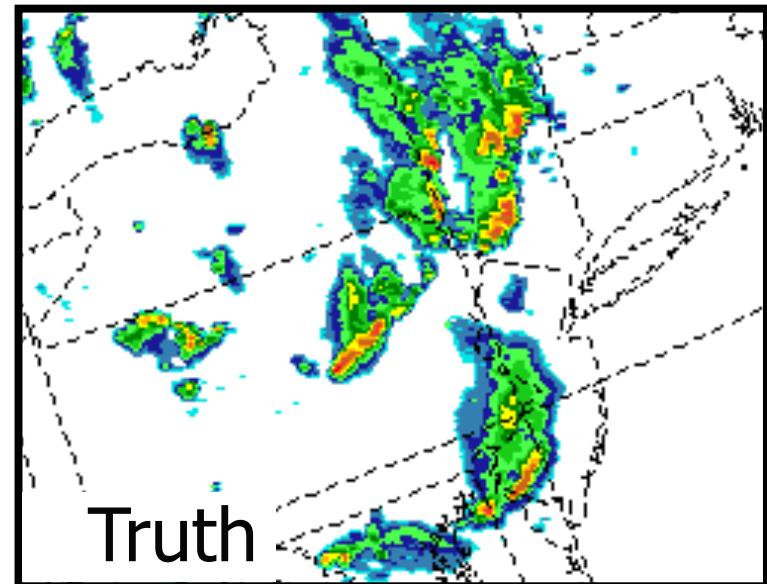
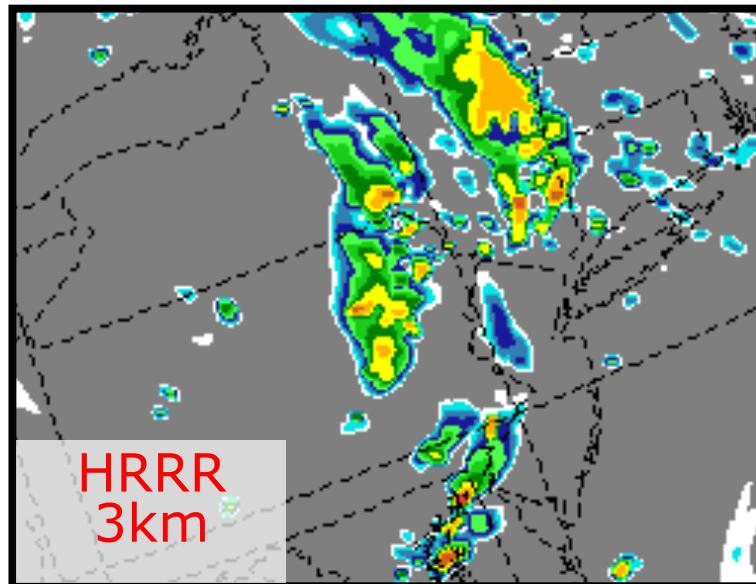
## 3km HRRR verification - From NCAR report - 16 Dec 2009

**“Model Performance and Sensitivity”**  
**(Mei Xu, David Dowell, Jenny Sun)**

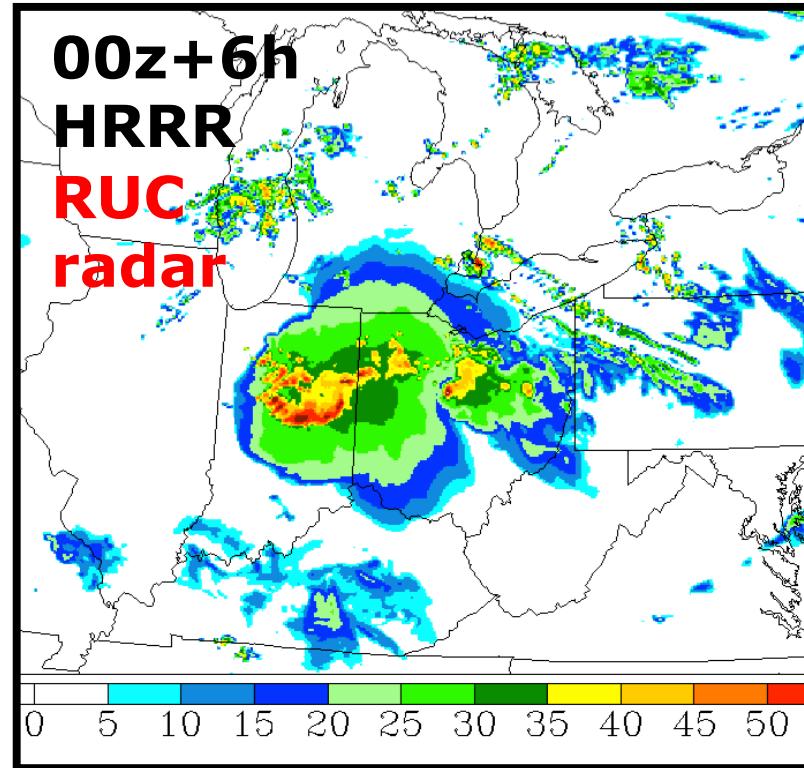
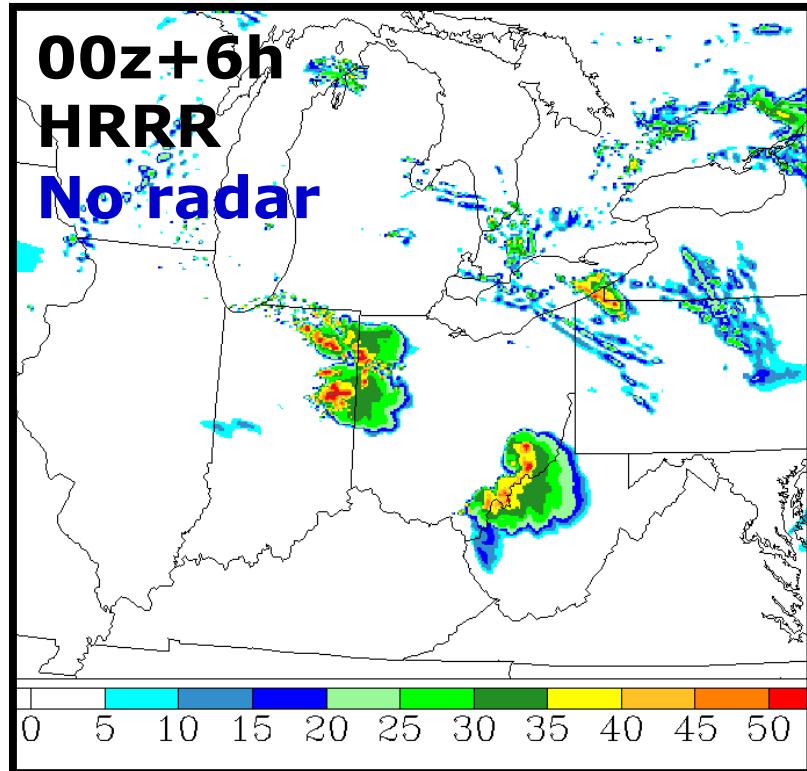
**RUC grids provided much improved initial condition for HRRR than NAM or GFS grids, especially in 1-6h**

**Addition of radar assimilation to RUC convective environment adds further improvement for first ~6h**  
(representative example from individual case from late July 2009)

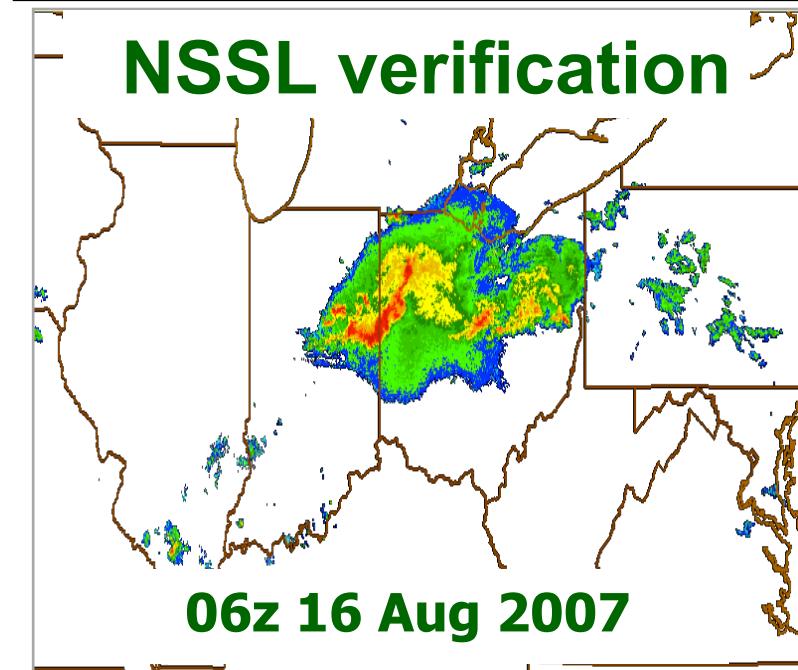
6-h forecasts valid at 8pm EDT 24 July 2008



3km HRRR,  
improved guidance  
for ATM, terminal  
over 13km RUC



**RUC radar  
assimilation  
on 13-km grid  
improves  
HRRR 3-km  
forecast**

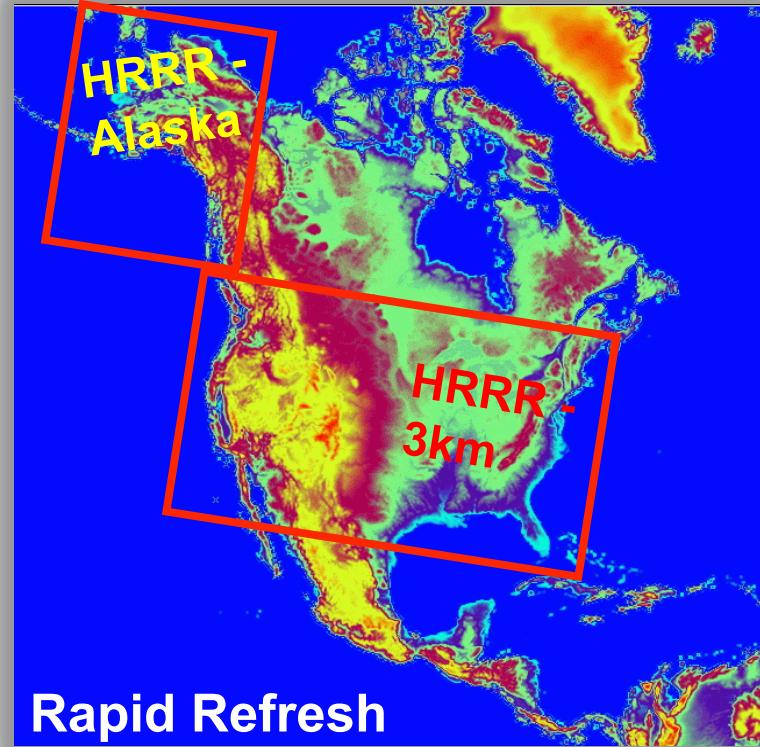


# Future plans for $\leq 1\text{h}$ updated NWP

2010 – Rapid Refresh operational at NCEP  
2012 – Operational (NCEP pending \$\$) CONUS-wide High Resolution Rapid Refresh nested inside RR  
2013 – Ensemble RR - NARRe (~6 members, ARW, NMM cores)  
2014 – Add operational Alaska HRRR  
2013-15 – Ensemble CONUS HRRR - HRRRe (6 members)  
2017 – Global Rapid Refresh (GRR)

Incorporation of inline chemistry – 2012-15

- Assimilation of radial wind, new satellite, phased-array radar, CASA, new regional aircraft, chemistry obs...
- Frequency from 60min  $\rightarrow$  30  $\rightarrow$  15min
- 1h EnKF + 1h hybrid 4dvar/EnKF
- Improved nowcast/blend/NWP
- Ensemble-based post-processing



## Applications:

Aviation, severe wx, Hydrology, energy, air quality, fire weather, volcanoes/hazards, etc.

General NCEP plans

Plans in development

# Dezső Dévényi, 1948-2009

- Best assimilation scientist in RUC / Rapid Refresh group
- Ph.D. from Eötvös Loránd University in Budapest
- Formerly with Hungarian Met Service (even Vice President (Deputy Director))
- Taught NWP in Hungary, called the “father of NWP in Hungary” by former students
- Spent a year with Lev Gandin in 1975
- Developed the RUC 3dVAR
- Co-led development of Rapid Refresh version of GSI with Ming Hu and others

